

利用经纬度求解两点球面距离

Haversine formula

$$h(\theta) = \sin^2(\frac{\theta}{2}) = \frac{1 - \cos(\theta)}{2}$$

$$\text{则 } h(\theta) = h(\frac{d}{R}) = h(\Delta \beta) + \cos(\beta_1) \cos(\beta_2) h(\Delta \alpha)$$

- R 表示球面半径, d 表示球面距离, θ 表示两点与圆心夹角弧度 - α_i 分别表示两点经度, β_i 表示两点纬度, Δ 表示差值 - 公式全称应该为 half-versine ,即 versine : $1 - \cos(\theta)$ 的一半 - 计算时可进一步化解 $\cos(\theta) = \sin(\beta_1) \sin(\beta_2) + \cos(\beta_1) \cos(\beta_2) \cos(\Delta \alpha)$

![在这里插入图片描述](https://img-blog.csdnimg.cn/20200402125945407.jpg?x-oss-process=image/watermark,type_ZmFuZ3poZW5naGVpdGk,shadow_10,text_aHR0cHM6Ly9ibG9jaG91Lm51LmNzZGU4bWV0dG91LnR5Y3Q=,size_16,color_FFFFFF,t_70)

这里求 \overline{AB} 显然求得 $|AB|$ 即可

以 $\angle OEF$ 为例 $\angle OEF = \Delta \alpha, |EF| = 2 \sin(\frac{\Delta \alpha}{2}) R$ 同理利用纬度 $|AC| = 2 \sin(\frac{\Delta \beta}{2}) R$

而对于 $|BC|, |AD|$ 作 $AG \perp OE, BH \perp OE$ 可得 $|AD| = 2 \sin(\frac{\Delta \alpha}{2}) (|OE| \cos(\angle AOG)) = 2 \sin(\frac{\Delta \alpha}{2}) R \cos(\beta_1)$

而四边形 $ACBD$ 为等腰梯形形

$$CH = \frac{BC - AD}{2}, AB^2 = BH^2 + AH^2 = (BC - CH)^2 + AC^2 - CH^2 = AC^2 + BC \cdot AD$$

$$|AB|^2 = 4 \sin^2(\frac{\Delta \beta}{2}) R^2 + 4 \sin^2(\frac{\Delta \alpha}{2}) \cos(\beta_1) \cos(\beta_2) R^2$$

而要求解的 $\theta = \angle AOB, |AB|^2 = 4 \sin^2(\frac{\theta}{2}) R^2$

得到目标公式 $h(\theta) = h(\Delta \beta) + \cos(\beta_1) \cos(\beta_2) h(\Delta \alpha), \overline{AB} = d = R \theta$

进一步化解 $1 - \cos(\theta) = 1 - \cos(\Delta \beta) + \cos(\beta_1) \cos(\beta_2) (1 - \cos(\Delta \alpha))$

$$\cos(\Delta \beta) = \cos(\beta_1) \cos(\beta_2) + \sin(\beta_1) \sin(\beta_2)$$

可得 $\cos(\theta) = \sin(\beta_1) \sin(\beta_2) + \cos(\beta_1) \cos(\beta_2) \cos(\Delta \alpha)$

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