

2019 Multi-University Training Contest 3

比赛情况

题号	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
状态	-	-	-	0	-	0	0	∅	0	-	∅

0 在比赛中通过 ∅ 赛后通过! 尝试了但是失败了- 没有尝试

比赛时间

2020-07-15 13:00-18:00

题解

G - Find the answer

对于 1 到 n 每个位置 i 删除 $[1,i]$ 区间的几个元素能使得该位置的前缀和不大于 m

离散上权值线段树，查询最少多少个元素和大于等于 $sum-m$ (肯定是最大的若干个元素)，相当于线段树上二分。

```
#pragma GCC optimize(2)
#pragma GCC optimize(3,"Ofast","inline")
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define ll long long
#define pb push_back
using namespace std;
const int N=2e5+5;
ll w[N],num[N];
ll read()
{
    ll x=0,f=1;char c=getchar();
    while(c<'0' || c>'9'){if(c=='-')f=-1;c=getchar();}
    while(c>='0' && c<='9'){x=x*10+c-'0';c=getchar();}
    return x*f;
}
struct Node{int l,r;ll sz,sum;}t[N*4];
void build(int idx,int l,int r)
{
    t[idx].l=l,t[idx].r=r,t[idx].sz=t[idx].sum=0;
    if(l==r)return;
    int mid=(l+r)>>1;
    build(idx<<1,l,mid),build(idx<<1|1,mid+1,r);
}
void ins(int idx,int x)
```

```
{
    if(t[idx].l==t[idx].r){t[idx].sz++,t[idx].sum+=num[x];return;}
    int mid=(t[idx].l+t[idx].r)>>1;
    if(x<=mid)ins(idx<<1,x);else ins(idx<<1|1,x);
    t[idx].sz=t[idx<<1].sz+t[idx<<1|1].sz;
    t[idx].sum=t[idx<<1].sum+t[idx<<1|1].sum;
}
int que(int idx,ll x)
{
    if(x<=0)return 0;
    if(t[idx].l==t[idx].r)return x/num[t[idx].l]+(x%num[t[idx].l]>0);
    if(t[idx<<1|1].sum>=x)return que(idx<<1|1,x);
    return t[idx<<1|1].sz+que(idx<<1,x-t[idx<<1|1].sum);
}
int main()
{
    int q=read();
    while(q--){
        int n,tot=0;
        ll m,sum=0;
        n=read(),m=read();
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)w[i]=read(),num[++tot]=w[i];
        sort(num+1,num+1+tot);
        tot=unique(num+1,num+1+tot)-num-1;
        build(1,1,tot);
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            sum+=w[i];
            printf("%d ",que(1,sum-m));
            int x=lower_bound(num+1,num+1+tot,w[i])-num;
            ins(1,x);
        }
        puts("");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

H - Game

其实是在可以动态修改的情况下（交换 a_i, a_{i+1} ）回答若干 $[L, R]$ 有多少子区间异或和为零的问题。记录前缀异或和（相同则意味着区间异或和为零）swap只改变 $pre[i]$ 带修改莫队一下，可能要卡常。

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define ll long long
```

```

#define pb push_back
using namespace std;
const int N=1e5+5;
const int M=2e7+10;
int n,m,swp[N],bloc,a[N],pre[N],qcnt,mcnt,inq[N],l,r;
ll res[N],num[M],ans;
ll read()
{
    ll x=0,f=1;char c=getchar();
    while(c<'0' || c>'9'){if(c=='-')f=-1;c=getchar();}
    while(c>='0' && c<='9'){x=x*10+c-'0';c=getchar();}
    return x*f;
}
struct Node
{
    int l,r,now,id;
    Node(int l=0,int r=0,int now=0,int id=0):l(l),r(r),now(now),id(id){}
}q[N];
bool cmp(Node x,Node y)
{
    if((x.l-1)/bloc==(y.l-1)/bloc)
    {
        if((x.r-1)/bloc==(y.r-1)/bloc) return
((x.r-1)/bloc&1)?x.now<y.now:x.now>y.now;
        return x.r<y.r;
    }
    return x.l<y.l;
}
void exchange(int x)
{
    swap(a[x],a[x+1]);
    if(x>=l-1&&x<=r)
    {
        ans-=num[pre[x]]*(num[pre[x]]-1)/2;
        num[pre[x]]--;
        ans+=num[pre[x]]*(num[pre[x]]-1)/2;
    }
    pre[x]^=a[x]^a[x+1];
    if(x>=l-1&&x<=r)
    {
        ans-=num[pre[x]]*(num[pre[x]]-1)/2;
        num[pre[x]]++;
        ans+=num[pre[x]]*(num[pre[x]]-1)/2;
    }
}
void work(int x)
{
    int f=1;
    if(inq[x])f=-1;
    if(x==l)
    {

```

```
    ans -= num[pre[x-1]] * (num[pre[x-1]] - 1) / 2;
    num[pre[x-1]] += f;
    ans += num[pre[x-1]] * (num[pre[x-1]] - 1) / 2;
}
if (x == r)
{
    ans -= num[pre[x]] * (num[pre[x]] - 1) / 2;
    num[pre[x]] += f;
    ans += num[pre[x]] * (num[pre[x]] - 1) / 2;
}
inq[x] ^= 1;
}
int main()
{
    clock_t start1 = clock(), end1;
    while (~scanf("%d%d", &n, &m))
    {
        qcnt = mcnt = ans = 0, bloc = pow(n, 0.6666666666) + 1;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) a[i] = read(), pre[i] = pre[i-1]^a[i];
        for (int i = 1; i <= m; i++)
        {
            int op = read();
            if (op == 1)
            {
                int l = read(), r = read();
                ++qcnt;
                q[ qcnt ] = Node(l, r, mcnt, qcnt);
            }
            else swp[ ++mcnt ] = read();
        }
        sort(q+1, q+1+qcnt, cmp);
        l = 1, r = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= qcnt; i++)
        {
            for (int j = q[i-1].now+1; j <= q[i].now; j++) exchange(swp[j]);
            for (int j = q[i-1].now; j > q[i].now; j--) exchange(swp[j]);
            while (l > q[i].l) --l, work(l);
            while (r < q[i].r) ++r, work(r);
            while (l < q[i].l) work(l), l++;
            while (r > q[i].r) work(r), r--;
            ll len = q[i].r - q[i].l + 1;
            res[q[i].id] = len * (len - 1) / 2 + len - ans;
        }
        for (int i = 1; i <= qcnt; i++) printf("%lld\n", res[i]);
        while (l <= r) work(l), l++;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

K - Squirrel

在一颗带权树上割掉一条边，求到其他点最远距离最小的点和这个最远距离。

容易想到换根 dp 得到每个节点 u 沿着子树的前三远的距离和沿着父亲的最远距离。然后用这些距离求割掉一条边后的最远距离。

```

#include<bits/stdc++.h>
#define MEM(x) memset((x),0,sizeof(x))
#define ALL(x) (x).begin(),(x).end()
#define ll long long
#define ull unsigned long long
#define pii_ pair<int,int>
#define mp_ make_pair
#define pb push_back
#define fi first
#define se second
#define rep(i,a,b) for(int i=(a);i<=(b);i++)
#define per(i,a,b) for(int i=(a);i>=(b);i--)
#define show1(a) cout<<#a<<" = "<<a<<endl
#define show2(a,b) cout<<#a<<" = "<<a<<" ; "<<#b<<" = "<<b<<endl
using namespace std;
const ll INF = 1LL<<60;
const int inf = 1<<30;
const int maxn = 2e5+5;
inline void fastio() {ios::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);}

int n,head[maxn],tot;
int
idx1[maxn],idx2[maxn],idx3[maxn],fi[maxn][2],se[maxn][2],th[maxn][2],fa[maxn][2],d[maxn];
struct edge
{
    int u,v,w,nxt;
}es[maxn<<1];
void addedge(int u,int v,int w)
{
    es[++tot] = (edge){u,v,w,head[u]};
    head[u] = tot;
}
void dfs1(int u,int f)
{
    for(int i=head[u];~i;i=es[i].nxt){
        int v = es[i].v,w = es[i].w;
        if(v==f) continue;
        dfs1(v,u);
        d[v] = w;
        if(fi[v][0] + w > fi[u][0]){
            th[u][0] = se[u][0];
            idx3[u] = idx2[u];
        }
    }
}

```

```
        se[u][0] = fi[u][0];
        idx2[u] = idx1[u];
        fi[u][0] = fi[v][0] + w;
        idx1[u] = v;
    }else if(fi[v][0] + w > se[u][0]){
        th[u][0] = se[u][0];
        idx3[u] = idx2[u];
        se[u][0] = fi[v][0] + w;
        idx2[u] = v;
    }else if(fi[v][0] + w > th[u][0]){
        th[u][0] = fi[v][0] + w;
        idx3[u] = v;
    }
}
fi[u][1] = min(fi[idx1[u]][0], max(fi[idx1[u]][1],se[idx1[u]][0]) +
d[idx1[u]]);
se[u][1] = min(fi[idx2[u]][0], max(fi[idx2[u]][1],se[idx2[u]][0]) +
d[idx2[u]]);
}
void dfs2(int u,int f)
{
    for(int i=head[u];~i;i=es[i].nxt){
        int v = es[i].v,w = es[i].w;
        if(v==f) continue;
        if(idx1[u]==v){
            fa[v][0] = max(fa[u][0],se[u][0]) + w;
            fa[v][1] = min(max(fa[u][0],se[u][0]),
min(max(fa[u][1],se[u][0]), max(fa[u][0],max(se[u][1],th[u][0]))) + w);
        }else{
            fa[v][0] = max(fa[u][0],fi[u][0]) + w;
            if(idx2[u]==v){
                fa[v][1] = min(max(fa[u][0],fi[u][0]),
min(max(fa[u][1],fi[u][0]), max(fa[u][0],max(fi[u][1],th[u][0]))) + w);
            }else{
                fa[v][1] = min(max(fa[u][0],fi[u][0]),
min(max(fa[u][1],fi[u][0]), max(fa[u][0],max(fi[u][1],se[u][0]))) + w);
            }
        }
        dfs2(v,u);
    }
}
int main()
{
    fastio();
    int _,u,v,w;
    for(cin>>_;;_--){
        tot=0;
        cin>>n;
        MEM(fi);MEM(se);MEM(th);MEM(fa);
        memset(head,-1,sizeof(head));
```

```
    rep(i,1,n-1){
        cin>>u>>v>>w;
        addedge(u,v,w);
        addedge(v,u,w);
    }
    dfs1(1,0);
    dfs2(1,0);
    int ans = inf,id;
    rep(i,1,n){
        int res =
min(max(fa[i][1],fi[i][0]),max(fa[i][0],max(fi[i][1],se[i][0])));
        if(res<ans) ans=res,id=i;
    }
    cout<<i<<" "<<ans<<endl;
}
return 0;
}
```

比赛总结与反思

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